



Product Information

Customer :

DATE : 11. Jan. 2012

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD**MODEL : LTA320AP32**

The Information Described in this Specification is Preliminary and can be changed without prior notice

LCD Business

Samsung Electronics Co . , LTD.

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Revision History

Date	Rev. No	Page	Summary
11. Jan. 2012	000	All	First Issued

General Description

Description

LTA320AP32 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor) as switching components. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a back light unit.

The resolution of a 32.0" is 1366 x 768 and this model can display up to 16.7 Million colors with wide viewing angle of 89° or higher in all directions. This panel is intended to support applications to provide a excellent performance for Flat Panel Display such as Home-alone Multimedia TFT-LCD TV and High Definition TV.

Features

- RoHS compliance (Pb-free)
- High contrast & aperture ratio
- PVA (Patterned Vertical Align) mode
- Wide viewing angle ($\pm 178^\circ$)
- High speed response
- HD resolution (16:9)
- Direct U-Type 3 CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)
- DE (Data Enable) mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface (1pixel/clock)

General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Module Size	760.0(H _{TYP}) x 450.0(V _{TYP})	mm	± 1.0 mm
	50.2 (D _{MAX})		With inverter
Weight	5500 (max)	g	With inverter
Pixel Pitch	0.51075(H) x 0.17025(V)	mm	
Active Display Area	697.68(H) x 392.25(V)	mm	
Surface Treatment	Haze 7, Hard-coating(3H)	-	
Display Colors	8 bit - 16.7M	colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical stripe	-	
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	
Luminance of White	350 Typ.	cd/m ²	

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

If the condition exceeds maximum ratings, it can cause malfunction or unrecoverable damage to the device.

Item		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage		V_{DD}	GND-0.5	13.2	V	(1)
Storage temperature		T_{STG}	-20	65	°C	(2)
Glass surface temperature (Operation)	Center	T_{OPR}	0	50	°C	(2),(5)
	T. Uniformity	ΔT	-	10	°C	
Shock (non - operating)		S_{nop}	-	50	G	(3)
Vibration (non - operating)		V_{nop}	-	1.5	G	(4)

Note (1) $T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

(2) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

a. 90 % RH Max. ($T_a \leq 39 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

b. Relative Humidity is 90% or less. ($T_a > 39 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

c. No condensation

(3) 11ms, sine wave, one time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ axis

(4) 10-300 Hz, Sweep rate 10min, 30min for X,Y,Z axis

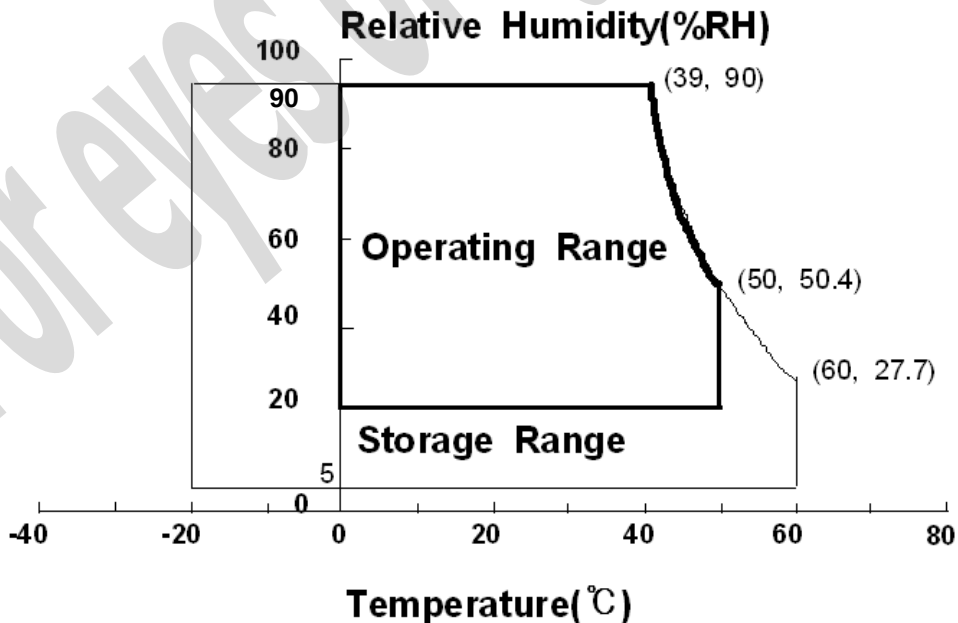
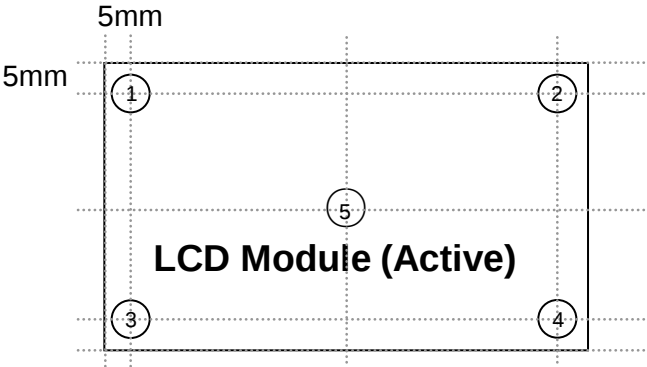


Fig. Temperature and Relative humidity range

(5) Definition of test point



ΔT should be less than $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($\Delta T = |T_{\text{OPR}} - T_{\text{MAX}}|$)

- T_{OPR} : Temperature of the center of the glass surface (Test point 5)
- $T1 \sim T4$: Temperature of each edge of the glass surface
- T_{MAX} : The highest temperature of the glass surface

2. Optical Characteristics

SAMSUNG SECRET

The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent.

Measuring equipment : TOPCON RD-80S, TOPCON SR-3, ELDIM EZ-Contrast

(Ta = 25 ± 2°C, VDD=12V, fv= 60Hz, f_{DCLK}=75MHz, Lamp current = TBD mA)

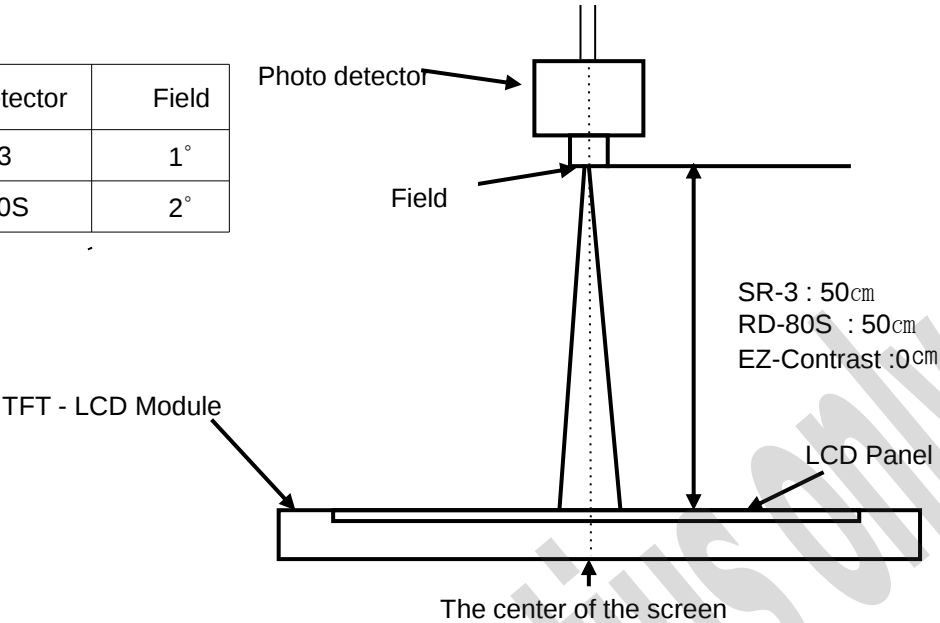
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio (Center of screen)		C/R	Normal $\theta_{L,R}=0$ $\theta_{U,D}=0$ Viewing Angle	3000	4,000	-		(1) SR-3
Response Time	G-to-G (Avg)	Tg		-	20	30	ms	(3) RD-80S
Luminance of White (Center of screen)		Y _L		300	350	-	cd/m ²	(4) SR-3
Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Red	Rx		TYP. -0.03	TBD	TYP. +0.03		(5),(6) SR-3
		Ry			TBD			
	Green	Gx			TBD			
		Gy			TBD			
	Blue	Bx			TBD			
		By			TBD			
	White	Wx			0.280			
		Wy	0.290					
Color Gamut		-		69	72	-	%	(5) SR-3
Color Temperature		-		-	10,000	-	K	(5) SR-3
Viewing Angle	Hor.	θ_L	C/R≥10	79	89	-	Degree	(6) EZ-Contrast
		θ_R		79	89	-		
	Ver.	θ_U		79	89	-		
		θ_D		79	89	-		
Brightness Uniformity (9 Points)		B _{uni}		-	-	30	%	(2) SR-3

- Test Equipment Setup

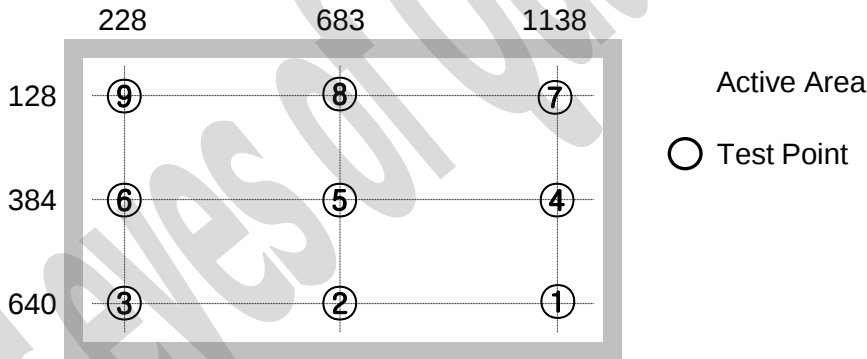
The measurement should be executed in a stable, windless and dark room between 40min and 60min after lighting the back light at the given temperature for stabilization of the back light. This should be measured in the center of screen.

Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Photo detector	Field
SR-3	1°
RD-80S	2°



- Definition of test point



Note (1) Definition of Contrast Ratio (C/R)

: Ratio of gray max (Gmax) & gray min (Gmin) at the center point ⑤ of the panel

$$C / R = \frac{G \max}{G \min}$$

Gmax : Luminance with all pixels white

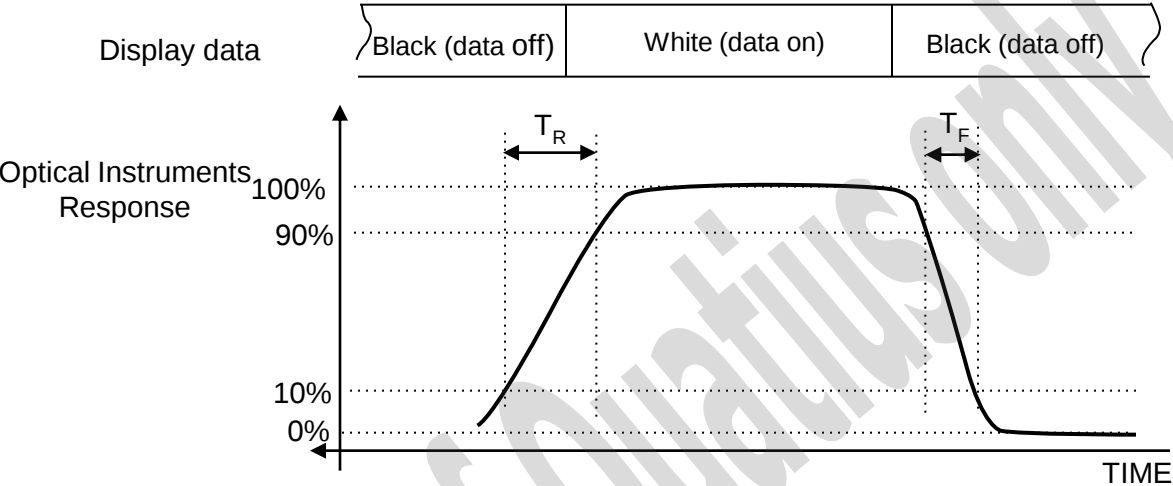
Gmin : Luminance with all pixels black

Note (2) Definition of 9 points brightness uniformity (Test pattern : Full White)

$$B_{uni} = 100 * \frac{(B_{max} - B_{min})}{B_{max}}$$

Bmax : Maximum brightness
Bmin : Minimum brightness

Note (3) Definition of Response time : Sum of Tr, Tf

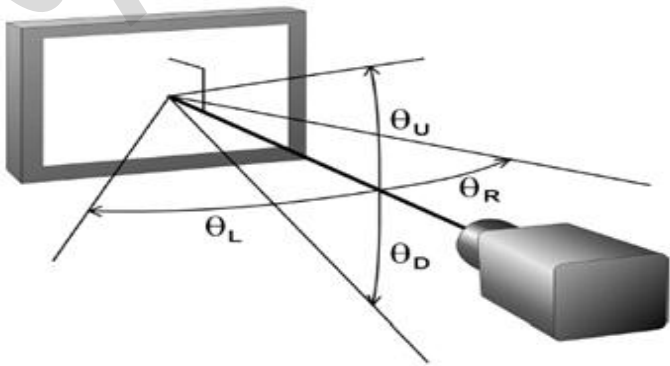


※ G-to-G : Average response time between Gray to gray (scale)

Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White : Luminance of white at center point ⑤

Note (5) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)
Color coordinate of Red, Green, Blue & White at center point ⑤

Note (6) Definition of Viewing Angle
: Viewing angle range (C/R ≥10)



3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 TFT LCD Module

The connector for display data & timing signal should be connected.

$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$

Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Voltage of Power Supply		V _{DD}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	(1)
Current of Power Supply	(a) Black	I _{DD}	-	TBD	TBD	A	(2),(3)
	(b) White		-	TBD	TBD	A	
	(c) V-Stripe		-	TBD	TBD	A	
Vsync Frequency		f _V	48	60	66	Hz	
Hsync Frequency		f _H	44	48	53	kHz	
Main Frequency		f _{DCLK}	72	78	85	MHz	
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	-	4	A	(4)

Note (1) The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{DD} .

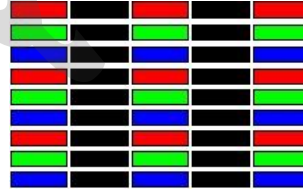
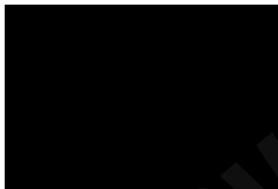
(2) $f_V=60\text{Hz}$, $f_{DCLK} = 75\text{MHz}$, $V_{DD} = 12.0\text{V}$, DC Current.

(3) Power dissipation check pattern (LCD Module only)

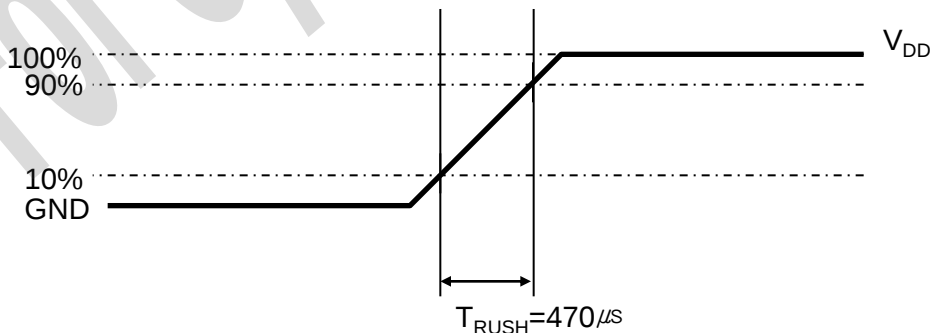
a) Black Pattern

b) White Pattern

c) V strip



(4) Measurement Conditions

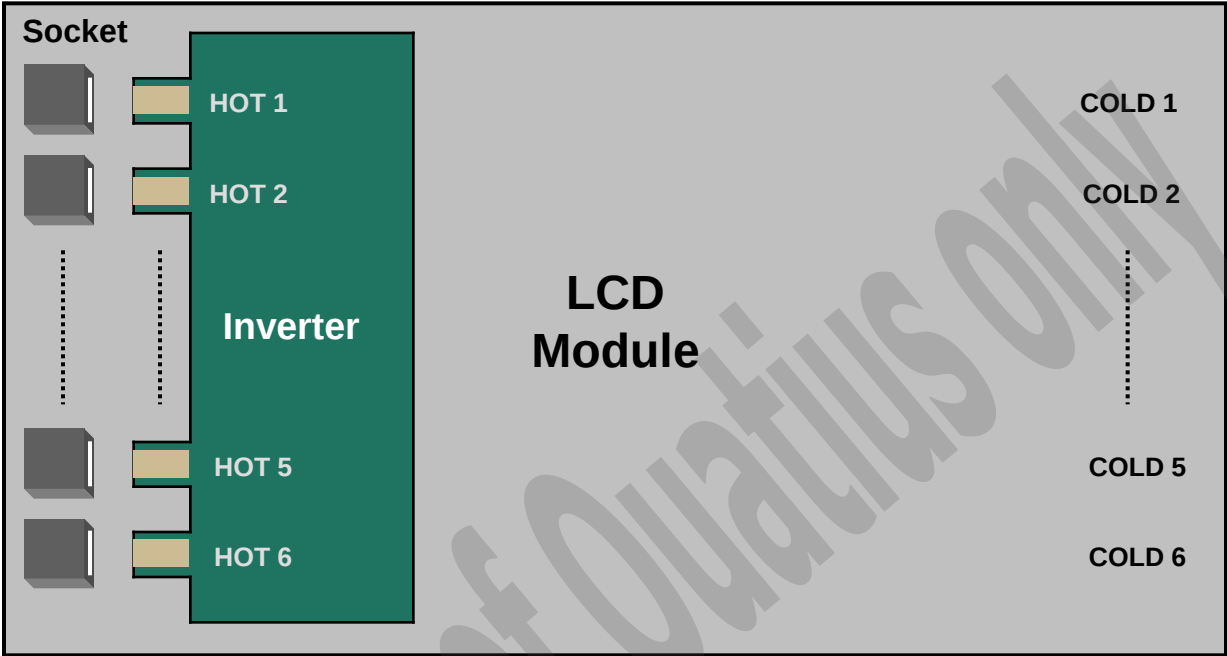


Rush Current I_{RUSH} can be measured when T_{RUSH} is $470\mu\text{s}$.

3.2 Back Light Unit

The back light unit contains 3 direct-lighting U-type CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp). The characteristics of lamps are shown in the following tables.

Ta=25 ± 2°C



Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Operating Life Time	Hr	TBD	-	-	Hour	(1)

Note (1) It is defined as the time to take until the brightness reduces to 50% of its original value.

[Operating condition : Ta = 25±2°C, I_L = TBD, For single lamp only.]

- (2) LIPS HOT part
- (3) The lamp starting voltage Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1second under starting up duration. Otherwise the lamp could not be lighted on completed.

3.3 Inverter Input Condition & Specification

Items	Symbol	Conditions	Specifications			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Voltage	V _{in}	-				V	Ta=25±2 °C
Input Current	I _{RUSH}	V _{in} = 24V V _{dim} = 3.3V				Arms	(1)
Lamp Current	I _o	V _{in} = 24V V _{dim} = 3.3V				mArms	(2)
Frequency	F _{LAMP}	V _{in} = 24V				kHz	-
Backlight On/Off	ON	V _{in} = 24V				V	(3)
	OFF	V _{in} = 24V					
Dimming Control	V _{DIM}	Max Lum				V	(4)
		Min. Lum					

Note) Power Consumption is measured when 450[cd/m²] of luminance which is the typical luminance.

Lamp Current is measured at the point before Lamp.

(1) Max Value of the Power Consumption is measured during initial turn-on time* of the backlight.

(2) Max Value of the Power Consumption is measured after 120 min warm-up.

(3) Inverter pin NO.12 is for backlight On/Off.

(4) Inverter pin NO.13 is for dimming control.

* Initial turn-on time : From 0sec to 60min after turn-on

4. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

4.1. Input Signal & Power

Connector :IS100-L300-C23

PIN No.	Description	PIN No.	Description
1	VIN (12V)	16	LV1_P
2	VIN (12V)	17	GND
3	VIN (12V)	18	LV2_N
4	VIN (12V)	19	LV2_P
5	N.C	20	GND
6	GND	21	LVCLK_N
7	GND	22	LVCLK_P
8	N.C	23	GND
9	LVDS_SEL	24	LV3_N
10	N.C	25	LV3_P
11	GND	26	GND
12	LV0_N	27	N.C
13	LV0_P	28	N.C
14	GND	29	N.C
15	LV1_N	30	GND

Note1) No Connection: **This PINS are only used ONLY for SAMSUNG.**

Note2) LVDS OPTION : If this PIN is HIGH (3.3 V) → Normal LVDS format
 LOW (GND) → JEIDA LVDS format

SEQUENCE : On = $V_{DD}(T1) \geq \text{LVDS Option} \geq \text{Interface Signal}(T2)$
OFF = $\text{Interface Signal}(T3) \geq \text{LVDS Option} \geq V_{DD}$

Note(1) Pin number starts from Left side

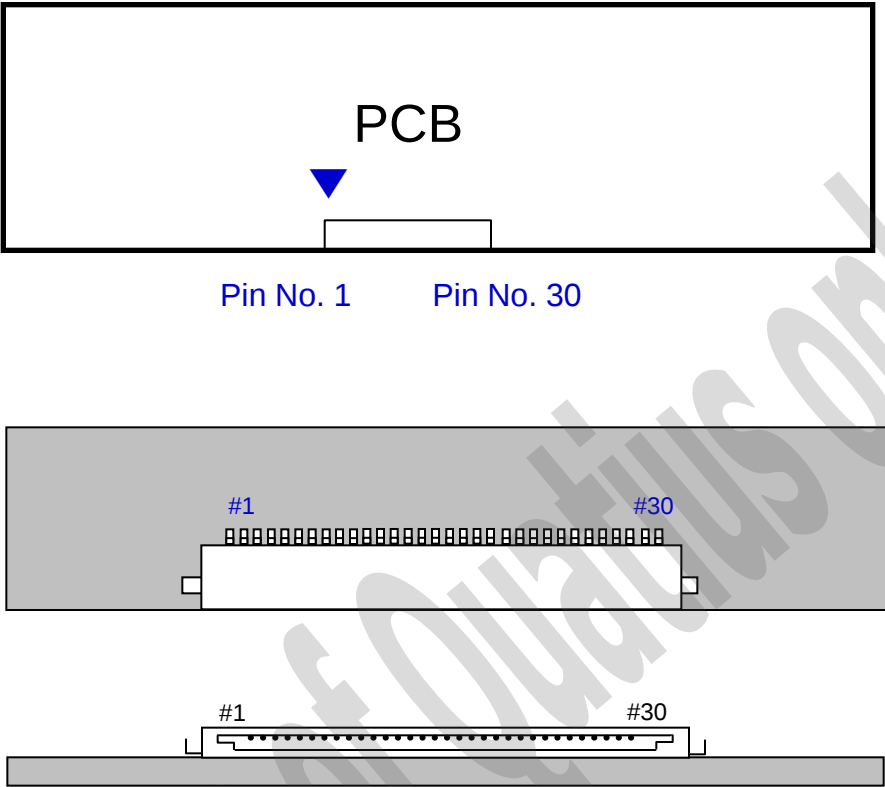


Fig. Connector diagram

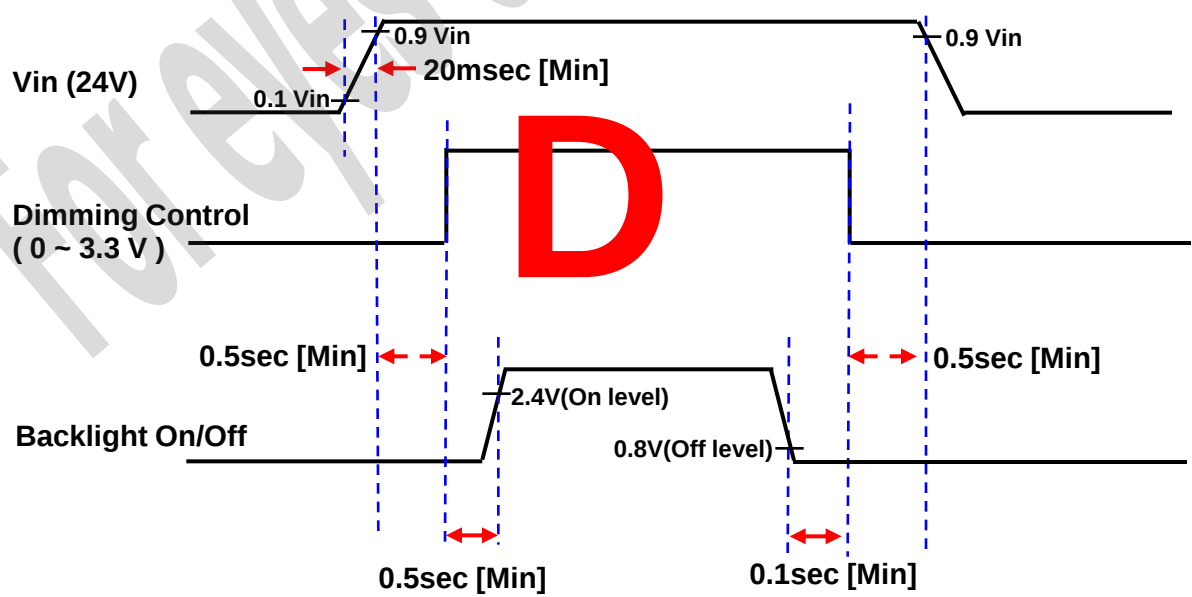
- a. Power GND pins should be connected to the LCD's metal chassis.
- b. All power input pins should be connected together.
- c. All NC pin should be separated from other signal or power.

4.2 Inverter Input Pin Configuration

Connector : JST, S14B-PHA-SM-TB(LF)

Pin No.	Pin Configuration (FUNCTION)
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	

4.3. Inverter Input Power Sequence



4.4 LVDS Interface

- LVDS Receiver : Tcon (merged)
- Data Format (JEIDA & VESA)

	LVDS pin	JEIDA -DATA	VESA -DATA
TxOUT/RxIN0	TxIN/RxOUT0	R2	R0
	TxIN/RxOUT1	R3	R1
	TxIN/RxOUT2	R4	R2
	TxIN/RxOUT3	R5	R3
	TxIN/RxOUT4	R6	R4
	TxIN/RxOUT6	R7	R5
	TxIN/RxOUT7	G2	G0
TxOUT/RxIN1	TxIN/RxOUT8	G3	G1
	TxIN/RxOUT9	G4	G2
	TxIN/RxOUT12	G5	G3
	TxIN/RxOUT13	G6	G4
	TxIN/RxOUT14	G7	G5
	TxIN/RxOUT15	B2	B0
	TxIN/RxOUT18	B3	B1
TxOUT/RxIN2	TxIN/RxOUT19	B4	B2
	TxIN/RxOUT20	B5	B3
	TxIN/RxOUT21	B6	B4
	TxIN/RxOUT22	B7	B5
	TxIN/RxOUT24	HSYNC	HSYNC
	TxIN/RxOUT25	VSYNC	VSYNC
	TxIN/RxOUT26	DEN	DEN
TxOUT/RxIN3	TxIN/RxOUT27	R0	R6
	TxIN/RxOUT5	R1	R7
	TxIN/RxOUT10	G0	G6
	TxIN/RxOUT11	G1	G7
	TxIN/RxOUT16	B0	B6
	TxIN/RxOUT17	B1	B7
	TxIN/RxOUT23	RESERVED	RESERVED

4.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

COLOR	DISPLAY (8bit)	DATA SIGNAL																										GRAY SCALE LEVEL
		RED								GREEN								BLUE										
		R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7			
BASIC COLOR	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-		
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-		
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-		
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-		
GRAY SCALE OF RED	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0		
	DARK ↑	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1		
		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2		
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	R3~ R252		
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			
	↓ LIGHT	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R253		
		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R254		
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R255		
GRAY SCALE OF GREEN	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0		
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1		
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2		
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	G3~ G252		
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			
	↓ LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G253		
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G254		
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G255		
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B0		
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B1		
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	B2		
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B3~ B252		
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			
	↓ LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	B253		
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B254		
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B255		

Note) Definition of Gray :

Rn : Red Gray, Gn : Green Gray, Bn : Blue Gray (n = Gray level)

Input Signal : 0 = Low level voltage, 1 = High level voltage

5. Interface Timing

5.1 Timing Parameters (DE only mode)

SIGNAL	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	NOTE
Clock	Frequency	$1/T_C$	72	78	85	MHz	-
Hsync		F_H	44	48	53	KHz	-
Vsync		F_V	48	60	66	Hz	-
Vertical Display Term	Active Display Period	T_{VD}	-	768	-	lines	-
	Vertical Total	T_V	780	802	1200	lines	-
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display Period	T_{HD}	-	1366	-	clocks	-
	Horizontal Total	T_H	1460	1624	2000	clocks	-

Note) This product is DE only mode. The input of Hsync & Vsync signal does not have an effect on normal operation.

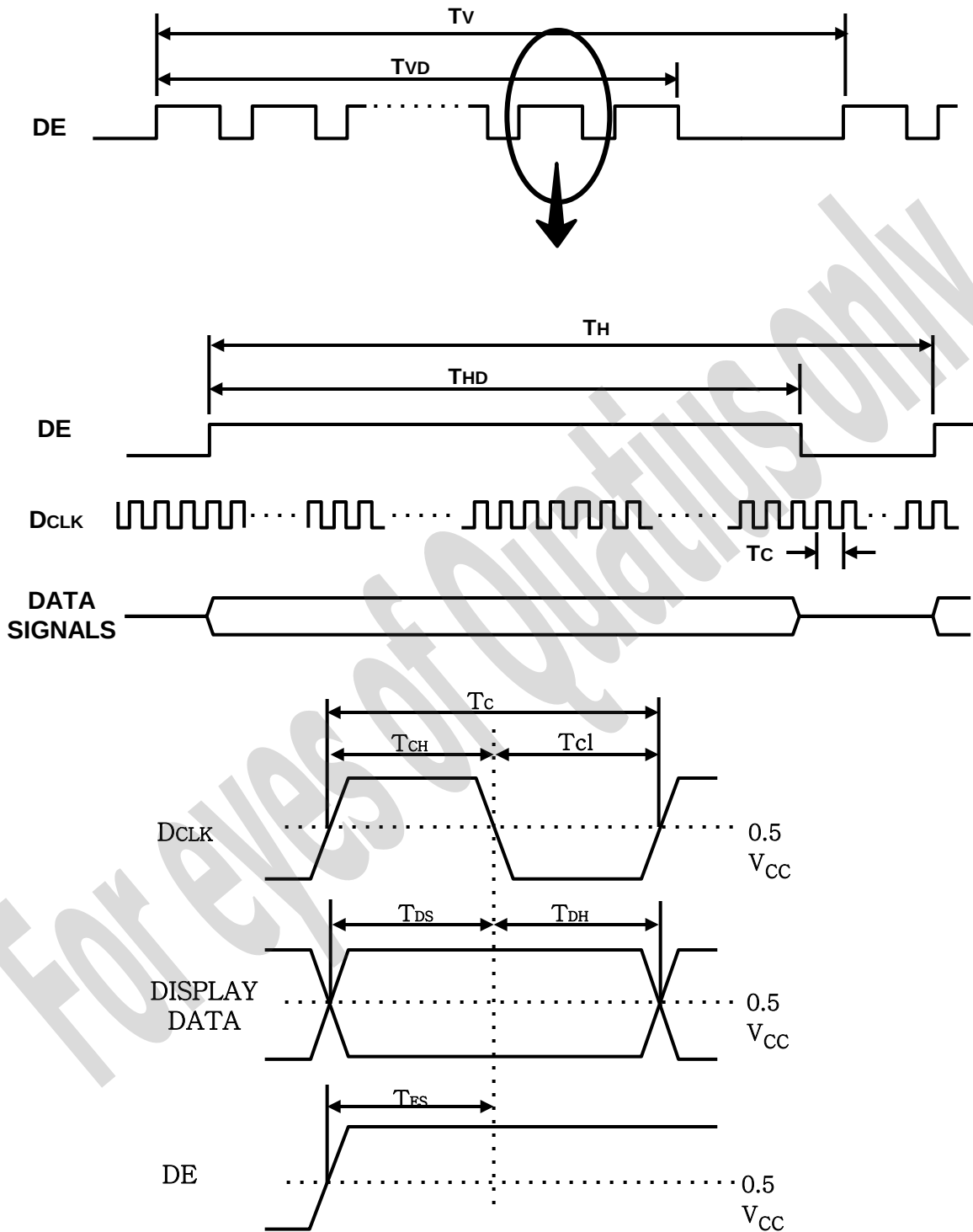
- (1) Test Point : TTL control signal and CLK at LVDS Tx input terminal in system
 (2) Internal $V_{DD} = 3.3V$

5.2 LVDS Input Data Characteristics

ITEM		SYMBOL	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input Data Position	Fin=85MHz	t _{RSRM}	-	-	400	ps	
		t _{RSLM}	-400	-	-	ps	
Input common mode voltage		V _{CM}	V _{SSL} +0.6	1.2	V _{DDL} - 0.6	V	
Differential Input Voltage		V _{ID}	100	-	600	mV	

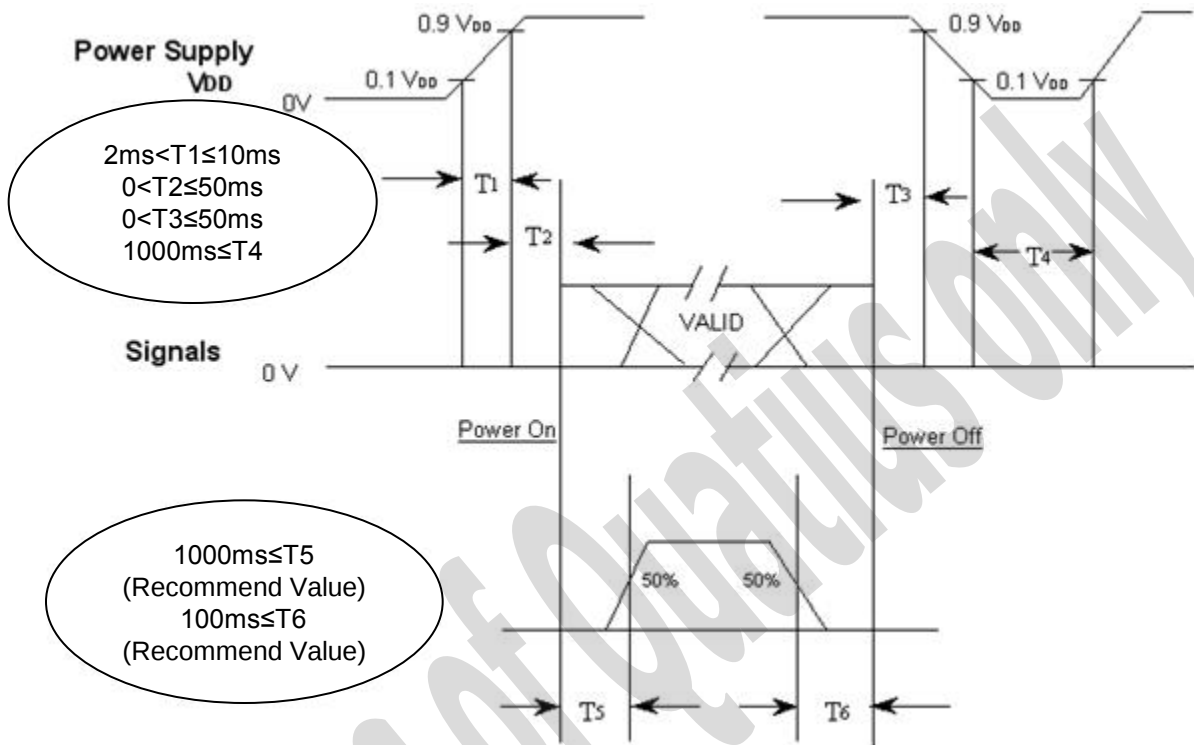
note) When the skew is measured the Spread Spectrum should be 0%

5.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal (DE only mode)



5.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD Module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



- T1 : V_{DD} rising time from 10% to 90%
 T2 : The time from V_{DD} to valid data at power ON.
 T3 : The time from valid data off to V_{DD} off at power Off.
 T4 : V_{DD} off time for Windows restart
 T5 : The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON.
 T6 : The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off.

- The supply voltage of the external system for the Module input should be the same as the definition of V_{DD}.
- Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back light turns off, the display may momentarily show abnormal screen.
- In case of V_{DD} = off level, please keep the level of input signals low or keep a high impedance.
- T4 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Interface signal should not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

6. Outline Dimension

T

B

D

For eyes of experts only

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7. PACKING

7.1 CARTON (Internal Package)

- (1) Packing Form
Corrugated fiberboard box and corrugated cardboard as shock absorber
- (2) Packing Method

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7.2 Packing Specification

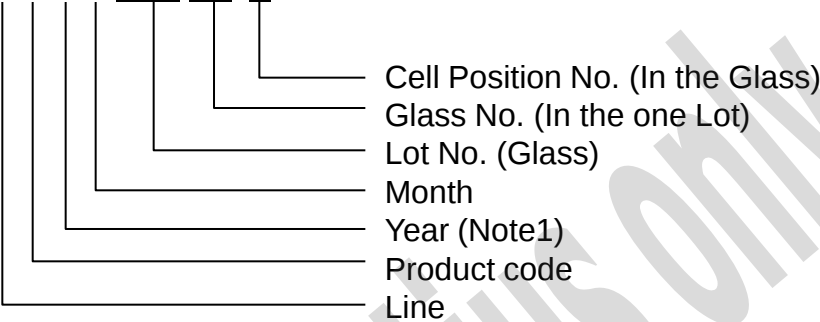
Item	Specification	Remark
LCD Packing		
Pallet		
Packing Direction		
Total Pallet Size		
Total Pallet Weight		

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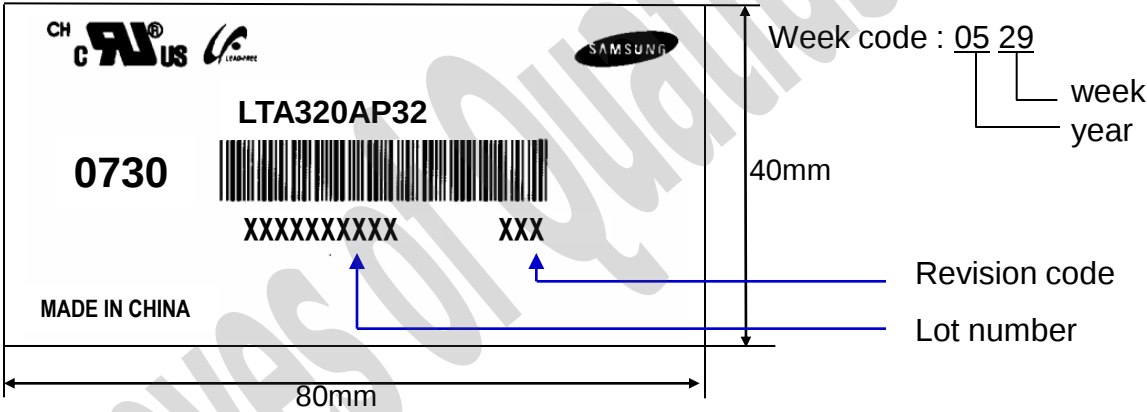
8. MARKING & OTHERS

A nameplate bearing followed by is affixed to a shipped product at the specified location on each product.

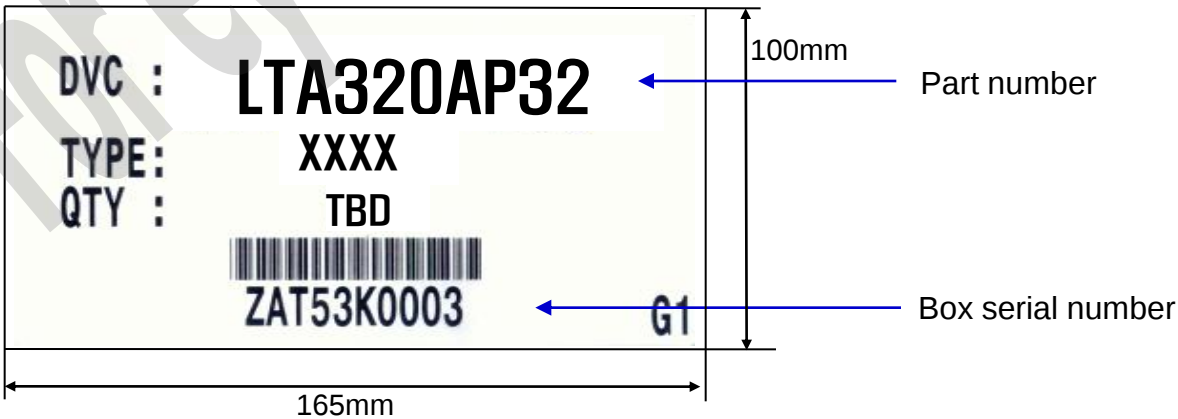
- (1) Parts number : LTA320AP32
- (2) Revision: Three letters
- (3) Lot number : X X X X XXX XX X



(4) Nameplate Indication



(5) Packing box attach



(6) Others

- 1. After service part
Lamps cannot be replaced because of the narrow bezel structure.

9. General Precautions

9.1 Handling

- (a) When the Module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly using all mounting holes. Be careful not to twist and bend the Module.
- (b) Because the inverter use high voltage, it should be disconnected from power before it is assembled or disassembled.
- (c) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the Module.
In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the Module and CCFL back light.
- (d) Note that polarizers are very fragile and could be damage easily.
Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- (e) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, staining or discoloration may occur.
- (f) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (g) Desirable cleaners are water, IPA(Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane.
Do not use Ketone type materials(ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (h) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth . In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away with soap thoroughly.
- (i) Protect the module from Electrostatic discharge. Otherwise the ASIC IC or Semiconductor would be damaged.
- (j) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (k) Do not disassemble the Module.
- (l) Do not disassemble shield case of inverter & LVDS board.
- (m) Do not connect N.C pins. (Samsung internal use only)
- (n) Protection film for polarizer on the Module should be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized. Must put on antistatic glove while handle a module
- (o) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

9.2 Storage

ITEM	UNIT	Min.	Max.
Storage Temperature	(°C)	5	40
Storage Humidity	(%rH)	35	75
Storage Life	12 months		
Storage Condition	- The storage room should provide good ventilation and temperature control. - Products should not be placed on the floor, but on the Pallet away from a wall. - Prevent products from direct sunlight, moisture nor water; Be cautious of a build up of condensation. - Avoid other hazardous environment while storing goods. - If products delivered or kept in conditions of over the storage period of 3months, the recommended temperature or humidity range, we recommend you leave them at a temperature of 20°C and a humidity of 50% for 24 hours.		

9.3 Operation

- (a) Do not connect or disconnect the Module in the "Power On" condition.
- (b) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the "Power on/off sequence"
- (c) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference should be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (d) The cable between the back light connector and its inverter power supply should be connected directly with a minimized length. A longer cable between the back light and the inverter may cause lower luminance of lamp(CCFL) and may require higher startup voltage(Vs).

9.4 Operation Condition Guide

- (a) The LCD product should be operated under normal conditions.

Normal condition is defined as below;

- Temperature : $20 \pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Humidity : $55 \pm 20\%$
- Display pattern : continually changing pattern (Not stationary)

- (b) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, humidity, display patterns or operation time etc., It is strongly recommended to contact SEC for Application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at Airports, Transit Stations, Banks, Stock market, and Controlling systems.

9.5 Others

- (a) Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.
- (b) Avoid condensation of water. It may result in improper operation or disconnection of electrode.
- (c) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on)
Otherwise the Module may be damaged.
- (d) If the Module keeps displaying the same pattern for a long period of time, the image may be "sticked" to the screen.
To avoid image sticking, it is recommended to use a screen saver.
- (e) This Module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.
- (f) Please contact SEC in advance when you display the same pattern for a long time.